

Freon™ 409A (R-409A) Refrigerant

Version 5.4

Revision Date: 10/10/2020

SDS Number: 1336379-00037

Date of last issue: 02/27/2020 Date of first issue: 02/27/2017

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name

Freon™ 409A (R-409A) Refrigerant

Product code

D10482120

SDS-Identcode

130000050843

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier

The Chemours Company FC, LLC

Address

1007 Market Street

Wilmington, DE 19801 United States of America (USA)

Telephone

1-844-773-CHEM (outside the U.S. 1-302-773-1000)

Emergency telephone

Medical emergency: 1-866-595-1473 (outside the U.S. 1-302-773 2000): Transport emergency: ±1.800.434, 9300 (outside

773-2000); Transport emergency: +1-800-424-9300 (outside

the U.S. +1-703-527-3887)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use

: Refrigerant

Restrictions on use

: For professional users only.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Gases under pressure

: Liquefied gas

Simple Asphyxiant

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal Word

Warning

Hazard Statements

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

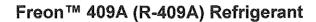
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary Statements

Storage:

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated

place.





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Other hazards

Vapors are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may cause death without warning symptoms, due to cardi-

Rapid evaporation of the product may cause frostbite.

Dangerous for the ozone layer.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

: Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Chlorodifluoromethane	75-45-6	60
1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane	2837-89-0	25
1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane	75-68-3	15

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice

In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled

If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact

Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected

Get medical attention immediately.

In case of eye contact

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed

Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

Other symptoms potentially related to misuse or inhalation

abuse are

Cardiac sensitization Anaesthetic effects Light-headedness

Dizziness confusion

Lack of coordination

Drowsiness Unconsciousness

Contact with liquid or refrigerated gas can cause cold burns

and frostbite.

Protection of first-aiders

No special precautions are necessary for first aid responders.

Notes to physician

Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, that may be used in





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situations of emergency life support should be used with special caution.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media :

Not applicable

Will not burn

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Not applicable

Will not burn

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Chlorine compounds Fluorine compounds

Specific extinguishing meth-

ode

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if

necessary.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite).

Ventilate the area.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Ventilate the area.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine

which regulations are applicable.

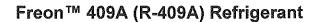
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures

Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Use a backflow





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preventative device in piping. Close valve after each use and when empty.

Local/Total ventilation

: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling

Avoid breathing gas.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Wear cold insulating gloves/ face shield/ eye protection. Valve protection caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must remain in place unless container is secured with valve outlet

piped to use point.

Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent ha-

zardous back flow into the cylinder. Prevent backflow into the gas tank.

Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder

to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems.

Close valve after each use and when empty. Do NOT change

or force fit connections.

Prevent the intrusion of water into the gas tank.

Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders.

Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage

Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to pre-

vent falling or being knocked over.

Separate full containers from empty containers.

Do not store near combustible materials.

Avoid area where salt or other corrosive materials are present.

Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid

Do not store with the following product types:

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides Oxidizing agents Flammable liquids Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit

flammable gases Explosives

Acutely toxic substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures with chronic toxicity

Recommended storage tem- :

< 126 °F / < 52 °C





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perature

Storage period

: > 10 y

Further information on stor-

age stability

: The product has an indefinite shelf life when stored properly.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Chlorodifluoromethane	75-45-6	TWA	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
		ST	1,250 ppm 4,375 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		TWA	1,000 ppm 3,500 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
1-Chloro-1,2,2,2- tetrafluoroethane	2837-89-0	TWA	1,000 ppm	US WEEL
1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane	75-68-3	TWA	1,000 ppm	US WEEL

Engineering measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material

Heat resistant gloves

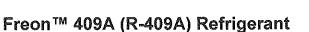
Remarks

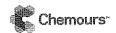
Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Breakthrough time is not determined for the pro-

duct. Change gloves often!

Eye protection

Wear the following personal protective equipment:





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Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.

Face-shield

Skin and body protection

Skin should be washed after contact.

Protective measures

Wear cold insulating gloves/ face shield/ eye protection.

Hygiene measures

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the wor-

king place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Liquefied gas

Color

clear, colorless

Odor

slight, ether-like

Odor Threshold

No data available

рΗ

No data available

Melting point/freezing point

No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

-29.9 °F / -34.4 °C

Flash point

Not applicable

Evaporation rate

Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas)

Will not burn

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Upper flammability limit Method: ASTM E681

None.

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

Lower flammability limit Method: ASTM E681

None.

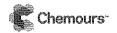
Vapor pressure

: 8,070 hPa (77 °F / 25 °C)

15,300 hPa (122 °F / 50 °C)

Relative vapor density

3.4



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Relative density

: 1.22 (77 °F / 25 °C)

Density

1.22 g/cm3 (77 °F / 25 °C)

(as liquid)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility

: slightly soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature

No data available

Decomposition temperature

No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic

Not applicable

Explosive properties

Not explosive

Oxidizing properties

The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size

Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability

Stable if used as directed. Follow precautionary advice and

avoid incompatible materials and conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid

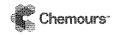
This substance is not flammable in air at temperatures up to 100 °C (212 °F) at atmospheric pressure. However, mixtures of this substance with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature can become combustible in the presence of an ignition source. This substance can also become combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxygen concentrations greater than that in air). Whether a mixture containing this substance and air, or this substance in an oxygen enriched atmosphere become combustible depends on the inter-relationship of 1) the temperature 2) the pressure, and 3) the proportion of oxygen in the mixture. In general, this substance should not be allowed to exist with air above atmospheric pressure or at high temperatures; or in an oxygen enriched environment. For example this substance should NOT be mixed with air under pressure for leak testing or other

purposes.

Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents



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Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Chlorodifluoromethane:

Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50 (Mouse): > 150000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas
Method: Expert judgment

No observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 25000 ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Lowest observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 50000

ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit (Dog): 175,000 mg/m3

Test atmosphere: gas

1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane:

Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50 (Rat): > 230000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

Lowest observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 25000

ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Symptoms: Cardiac sensitization

No observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 10000 ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Symptoms: Cardiac sensitization

Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit (Dog): 140,000 mg/m3

Test atmosphere: gas

Symptoms: Cardiac sensitization

1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane:

Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50 (Rat): > 400000 ppm

Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: gas

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane:

Routes of exposure

: Skin contact

Species

: Not tested on animals

Result

negative

Species

Not tested on animals

Result

negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Chlorodifluoromethane:

Genotoxicity in vitro

: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: positive

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

cell mutagen.

1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

Assessment

1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane:



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Genotoxicity in vitro

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas)

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Chlorodifluoromethane:

Species

Mouse

Application Route

inhalation (gas)

Exposure time

581 days

Result Remarks negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

The mechanism or mode of action is not relevant in humans.

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane:

Species

Rat

Application Route

inhalation (gas) 104 weeks

Exposure time Result

negative

IARC

No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP

No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Chlorodifluoromethane:

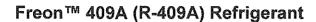
Effects on fertility

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Prenatal development toxicity study (teratogenicity)





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Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane:

Effects on fetal development

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas)

Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Chlorodifluoromethane:

Routes of exposure

inhalation (gas)

Assessment

No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 20000 ppmV/4h or less

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Chlorodifluoromethane:

Routes of exposure

inhalation (gas)

Assessment

No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less.

1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane:

Assessment

No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Chlorodifluoromethane:

Species

Mouse, male and female

NOAEL

10000 ppm

LOAEL

50000 ppm

Application Route

inhalation (gas)

Exposure time

581 d

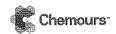
1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane:

Species

Rat

NOAEL

5000 ppm



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LOAEL

Application Route

15000 ppm inhalation (gas)

Exposure time

90 d

Method

OECD Test Guideline 413

Remarks

No significant adverse effects were reported

1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane:

Species

Rat

NOAEL Application Route > 20000 ppm inhalation (gas) 104 Weeks

Exposure time

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Chlorodifluoromethane:

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 777 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 433 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (algae): 377.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: ECOSAR (Ecological Structure Activity Relation-

ships)

1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity

No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane:

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): 220 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 160 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 96.6



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plants

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Chlorodifluoromethane:

Biodegradability

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane:

Biodegradability

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 5.6 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Chlorodifluoromethane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 1.13 (77 °F / 25 °C)

1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 1.67

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Components:

Chlorodifluoromethane:

Ozone-Depletion Potential

0.055

Where a range of ODPs is indicated, the highest value in that range shall be used for the purposes of the Protocol. The ODPs listed as a single value have been determined from calculations based on laboratory measurements. Those listed as a range are based on estimates and are less certain. The range pertains to an isomeric group. The upper value is the estimate of the ODP of the isomer with the highest ODP, and the lower value is the estimate of the ODP of the isomer with

the lowest ODP.

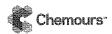
Regulation: UNEP - Handbook for the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer (Update: 2016-11-

23)

Group: Annex C - Group I: HCFCs (consumption and produc-

tion)

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0.055

Includes all isomers of the substance, regardless of whether

the isomer is explicitly listed on its own.

Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class II

Substances (Update: 2014-10-28)

1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane:

Ozone-Depletion Potential

0.022

Where a range of ODPs is indicated, the highest value in that range shall be used for the purposes of the Protocol. The ODPs listed as a single value have been determined from calculations based on laboratory measurements. Those listed as a range are based on estimates and are less certain. The range pertains to an isomeric group. The upper value is the estimate of the ODP of the isomer with the highest ODP, and the lower value is the estimate of the ODP of the isomer with the lowest ODP.

the lowest ODP.

Regulation: UNEP - Handbook for the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer (Update: 2016-11-

23)

Group: Annex C - Group I: HCFCs (consumption and produc-

tion)

0.022

Includes all isomers of the substance, regardless of whether

the isomer is explicitly listed on its own.

Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class II

Substances (Update: 2007-07-01)

Additional ecological infor-

mation

No data available

1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane:

Ozone-Depletion Potential

0.065

Where a range of ODPs is indicated, the highest value in that range shall be used for the purposes of the Protocol. The ODPs listed as a single value have been determined from calculations based on laboratory measurements. Those listed as a range are based on estimates and are less certain. The range pertains to an isomeric group. The upper value is the estimate of the ODP of the isomer with the highest ODP, and the lower value is the estimate of the ODP of the isomer with the lowest ODP.

Regulation: UNEP - Handbook for the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer (Update: 2016-11-

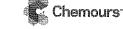
23)

Group: Annex C - Group I: HCFCs (consumption and produc-

tion)

0.065

Includes all isomers of the substance, regardless of whether



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the isomer is explicitly listed on its own.

Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class II

Substances (Update: 2014-10-28)

0.008 - 0.07

Includes all isomers of the substance, regardless of whether

the isomer is explicitly listed on its own.

Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class II

Substances (Update: 2014-10-28)

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number

UN 3163

Proper shipping name

LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S.

(Chlorodifluoromethane, 1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane)

Class

2.2

Packing group

Not assigned by regulation

Labels

2.2

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.

UN 3163

Proper shipping name

Liquefied gas, n.o.s.

(Chlorodifluoromethane, 1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane)

Class

Packing group

Not assigned by regulation

Packing instruction (cargo

Non-flammable, non-toxic Gas 200

aircraft)

Labels

Packing instruction (passen- :

200

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN 3163

UN number

LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S.

Proper shipping name

(Chlorodifluoromethane, 1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane)

Class

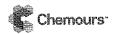
2.2

Packing group

Not assigned by regulation

Labels

2.2



Freon™ 409A (R-409A) Refrigerant

Version 5.4

Revision Date: 10/10/2020

SDS Number: 1336379-00037 Date of last issue: 02/27/2020 Date of first issue: 02/27/2017

EmS Code

F-C, S-V

Marine pollutant

no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

Labels

UN/ID/NA number

UN 3163

Proper shipping name

Liquefied gas, n.o.s.

(Chlorodifluoromethane, 1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane)

Class

Packing group

Not assigned by regulation NON-FLAMMABLE GAS

ERG Code

126

Marine pollutant no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Gases under pressure

Simple Asphyxiant

SARA 313

The following components are subject to reporting levels es-

tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Chlorodifluoro-

75-45-6

60 %

methane

1-Chloro-1,2,2,2- 2837-89-0

25 %

tetrafluoroethane

1-Chloro-1.1-

75-68-3

15 %

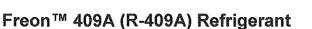
difluoroethane

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Chlorodifluoromethane 1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane

75-45-6 2837-89-0





Version

Revision Date: 10/10/2020

SDS Number: 1336379-00037 Date of last issue: 02/27/2020 Date of first issue: 02/27/2017

5.4

1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane

75-68-3

California List of Hazardous Substances

Chlorodifluoromethane

75-45-6

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Chlorodifluoromethane

75-45-6

International Regulations

Montreal Protocol

Chlorodifluoromethane

1-Chloro-1,2,2,2-tetrafluoroethane

1-Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

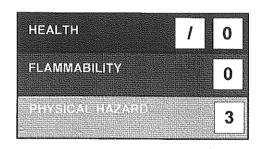
Further information

NFPA 704:

Flammability Health Instability 0

Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

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Chemours™ and the Chemours Logo are trademarks of The Chemours Company. Before use read Chemours safety information.

For further information contact the local Chemours office or nominated distributors.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH

USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

NIOSH REL

USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

US WEEL

USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

ACGIH / TWA

8-hour, time-weighted average

NIOSH REL / TWA

Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek

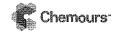
NIOSH REL / ST

STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded

at any time during a workday

US WEEL / TWA

8-hr TWA



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AJIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals: ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG -United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet

eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date

10/10/2020

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD

US / Z8